

FARCO, F. 1947

(Inst. of Bac. Teriology, U. Budapest)

"Combined Immunization Against Scarlet Fever and Whooping Cough."

Orvosok Lapja, Budapest, 1947, 3/42 (1748-1750)
Abst: Exc. Med. IV. Vol. 11, No. 1, p. 67

FARCO, F. 1949

(A Budapesti Tud. Bakteriologisi Intezeteboles Budapest Fovaros Anaya-es Kisdedvedelmi
"Further Experiences With Hyperimmune Serum in the Prevention and Treatment of Whooping Cough."

Crvesi Hetilap, Budapest, 1949, 90/7(193-196)
Abst: Exc. Med. IV, Vol. 11, No. 12, p. 1263

GOL'DFARB, Ya.L.; KRASNYANSKAYA, E.A.; FARICHNYY, B.P.

Preparation of primary aliphatic and alicyclic amines from
thiophene derivatives. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. nauk no.10:1825-1836
0 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D.Zelinskogo AN SSSR.
(Amines) (Thiophene)

FARIN, Sergey Romanovich

[Industrial aesthetics; a bibliographic index] Froizvod-
stvennaia estetika: bibliograficheskii ukazatel'. Minsk,
Belorusskii respublikanskii sovet nauchno-tekhn. obshche-
stv, 1963. 38 p.
(MIR: 17:5)

BRITSKIY, Ya.V. [Bryts'kyi, IA.V.], kand. biolog. nauk; FARINA, B.S.

Efficiency of the combined use of insecticides, herbicides and
mineral fertilizers for the control of wireworms in corn fields.
Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.3:42-43 J1-S '64.

(MIRA 17:12)

FARISEYEV, M.M.

135-10-17/19

AUTHOR: Fariseyev, M.M., Chairman of the Joint Welding Section of the Scientific and Technical Society of the Machine and Shipbuilding Industries, Gor'kiy

TITLE: Well Deserved Rest for Comrade A. Ya. Gogin, Oldest Welding Engineer in Gor'kiy.(Stareyshemu inzheneru-svarshchiku g.Gor'kogo tovarishchmu A.Ya. Goginu- zasluzhennyj otdykh)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo, 1957, No 10, p 41 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article is written on the occasion of the retirement of Engineer Aleksandr Yakovlevich Gogin, one of the oldest specialists in welding engineering. The information concerns his career and his contributions to the progress of welding engineering in the USSR.

ASSOCIATION: Ob'yedinennaya sektsiya svarki NTO Mashprom i Sudprom, Gor'kiy

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress
Card 1/1

FARIVER, G. A.

SOV/112-58-1-297

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1958, Nr 1, p 43 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Safarov, K. Kh., Yes'man, V. I., and Fariver, G. A.

TITLE: Investigation of D-12 Wind Electric Stations Operating Under Wind
Conditions in Caspian Littoral Area (Issledovaniye VES D-12, rabotayushchikh
v usloviyakh vetrovogo rezhima Prikaspinskoy zony)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Energ. in-ta AN AzerbSSR, 1956, Nr 13, pp 141-155

ABSTRACT: In 1949, at the Sangachaly and Yashma railroad stations, two D-12 wind electric stations were built to supply light for the stations and adjacent villages. At Sangachaly, a 120-v DC generator and a 60-cell 400 a-h storage battery are installed. At Yashma, the D-12 drives an AC generator without a standby thermal motor. Five-year operating experience with these stations has shown that D-12 3-blade motors, at variance with TV-5 and TV-8 multi-blade motors, are entirely suitable for operation under the heavy wind conditions in the Caspian littoral area. In 1953, the Yashma station was out of service only 19 days because of lack of wind; the rest of the time, it supplied

Card 1/2

SOV/112-58-1-297

Investigation of D-12 Wind Electric Stations Operating Under Wind Conditions

consumers without interruption. Methods of investigating the D-12 are set forth and measuring instruments are described, including an anemometer, a torque meter, and tachometer with electric pickups, an amplifier, and MPO-2 oscillograph. Special attention is paid to results of investigating D-12 behavior during transient conditions that caused various breakdowns. Oscillographically determined were: (1) propeller rotation irregularity, (2) time of windmill acceleration and deceleration, (3) utilization factor of wind energy. Data and functional relationships are supplied for plotting aerodynamic and operating characteristics of the D-12 windmill. On the basis of long-time observations of the Sangachaly and Yashma stations, some constructional imperfections of various subassemblies have been discovered, mainly the stabilizer regulation system, in the joints between the swiveling parts of vanes with the arms and between the arms and the hub, and also in the lubricating system.

N. N. R.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

- Card 2/2 1. Power plants--Performance 2. Windmills--Performance
 3. Windmills--Maintenance

FARIVER, G.A.

Stabilizing control of a wind motor. Izv. AN Azerb. SSR. Ser.
fiz.-tekhn. i mat. nauk no. 5:89-96 '64.

(MIRA 18:4)

FARIZOV, I.O.

PETRUSHOV, A., doktor ekonom.nauk; AFANAS'YEV, L.A., kand.ekonom.nauk;
DANILEVICH, M.V., kand.ekonom.nauk; YEGLAZAROVA, N.A., kand.ekonom.
nauk; KOVALEV, Ye.V.; KOL', M.A.; KUZNETSOV, B.P., kand.ekonom.
nauk; KUTSOBINA, N.K.; MARTYNOV, V.A., kand.ekonom.nauk; MEN'SHI-
KOVA, M.A.; HIKITERKO, B.A.; ONUVRIYEV, Yu.G.; PROKHOROVA, G.N.;
RYDVANOV, N.F.; SEGAL', N.M., kand.istor.nauk; UKHOVA, A.M.; FARIZOV,
I.O., kand.istor.nauk; SHIFRIN, E.L., doktor ekonom.nauk; SHLIKHTER,
A.A., kand.ekonom.nauk; LISOVSKIY, Yu.P.; MARTYNOV, V.D.; GARSIA, L.,
red.; MOSKVINA, R., tekhn.red.

[Agriculture of capitalist countries; a statistical manual] Sel'skoe
khoziaistvo kapitalisticheskikh stran; statisticheskii spravochnik.
Otvet.red.A.Petrushov. Moskva, Izd-vo sotsial'no-ekon.lit-ry, 1959.
829 p. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut mirovoy ekonomiki i mezhdunarodnykh
otnosheniy.

AGRICULTURE (Agriculture--Statistics)

FARIZOV, I.O.; MEDOVYY, A.I.; MAKSIMOV, M.A.; MASLOV, A.A.; MUSSO, S.; BOGDANCHIKOV, M.M.; VARENTSOV, K.M.; AVARIN, V.Ya., otv. red.; POLYAK, A.A., otv. red.; TRINICH, F.A., red. izd-va; VOLKOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Agrarian-peasant question in the independent underdeveloped countries of Asia; India, Burma, Indonesia] Agrarno-krest'ianekii vopros v suverennykh slaborazvitykh stranakh Azii; India, Birma, Indonezija. Moskva, 1961. 353 p. (MIRA 14;6)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut mirovoy ekonomiki i mezhd narodnykh otnoshenii.
(Asia, Southeastern—Agriculture—Economic aspects)

FARIZOV, I. O.

"Development of rural areas in less developed countries"

report to be submitted for the United Nations Conference on the
Application of Science and Technology for the Benefit of the Less
Developed Areas - Geneva, Switzerland, 4-20 Feb 63.

FARIZOV, Ivan Omarovich, kand. ist. nauk; YUZBASHEV, V.G., red.;
RAKITIN, I.T., tekhn. red.

[Economic problems of liberated countries] Osvobodivshiesia
strany; ekonomicheskie problemy. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie,"
1963. 47 p. (Novoe v zhizni, nauke, tekhnike. III Seriya:
Ekonomika, no.10) (MIRA 16:6)
(Underdeveloped areas--Economic conditions)

CHUNTYZHEV, Kh.O.; PRONIN, S.V.; LISOVSKIY, Yu.P.; MARTYNOV, V.D.;
MARKARYAN, S.B.; FARIZOV, I.O.; ALEKSANDROVSKAYA, L.I.;
USOV, G.A.; TIMUR, M.; TORLEV, P.F.; AFANAS'YEV, L.A.,
otv. red.; GARSIA, L., red.; DARONYAN, M., mladshiy red.;
NOGINA, N., tekhn. red.

[Agricultural cooperation under the conditions of capitalism]
Sel'skokhosiaistvennaia kooperatsiya v usloviakh kapitalizma. Moskva, Sotskgiz, 1963. 350 p. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut mirovoy ekonomiki i mezhdu-narodnykh otnosheniy.
(Agriculture, Cooperative) (Capitalism)

FARIZOV, I.

Developing cooperatives in the liberated countries. Vop. ekon.
no.7:92-101 J1 '63. (MIRA 16:8)
(Underdeveloped areas—Cooperative societies)

PARIZOV, M.Kh.

Clinical aspects of disorders of the nervous system in ethyl benzene poisoning. Trudy Inst.kraev.pat. AN Kazakh.SSR 1:110-122 '52.
(BENZENE--TOXICOLOGY) (MIR 10:2)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM--DISEASES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412420019-8

FARIZOV, M.Kh., dots.

Clinical aspects of circulatory disturbances of the brain
in brucellosis. Zdrav.Kazakh. 17 no.9:39-44 '57.
(MIRA 12:6)

(BRUCELLOSIS) (BRAIN--BLOOD SUPPLY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412420019-8"

FARIZOV, M.Kh., kand.med.nauk.

Vascular reactivity in brucellosis according to plethysmographic
data. Vest. AN Kazakh. SSR 14 no.1:78-90 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:2)
(BRUCELLOSIS) (BLOOD VESSELS)

FARIZOV, M.Kh.; KEREYEV, N.I., kand.med.nauk

Present state and plans for future development of medicine in
Kazakhstan. Vest. AMN SSSR 14 no.1:54-57 '59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Predsedatel' Uchenogo soveta Ministerstva zdravookhtaneniya
Kazakhskoy SSR (for Farizov).
(MEDICINE,
in Russia (Rus))

FARIZOV, M.Kh.; GENINA, M.S.

Affection of the nervous system in toxoplasmosis. Zdrav.Kazakh.
22 no.11:38-43 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Iz kafedry nervnykh bolezney (zav. - dotsent M.Kh. Farizov)
Kazakhskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(NERVOUS SYSTEM—DISEASES) (TOXOPLASMOSIS)

FARJASZEWSKI, Stefan, mgr inz.; KIERSNOWSKI, Julian, mgr inz.

On investments of the chemical industry in the light f constructions
and building. Chemik 15 no.5:153-157 My '62.

1. Ministerstwo Budownictwa i Przemyslu Materialow Budowlanych,
Warszawa. 2. Podsekretarz Stanu (for Farjaszewski).

FARKA, Istvan, dr.

Tuberculous cholecystitis. Magy. sebeszet 14 no.2:95-97 Ap '61.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem II. sz. Sebeszeti Klinikajának
közleménye. Megbízott vezető: Stefanics János dr. egyetemi docens.

(TUBERCULOSIS) (GALLBLADDER dis)

FARKA, Josef

Experience with the control of effectiveness in coal mining. Uhli 3
no.11:361-362,371 N '61.

1. Namestek ministra paliv a energetiky.

L 6286/65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/ENP(j) PC=4/Pr=4 JAJ/RM
ACCESSION NR: AP5019042

UR/0286/65/000/012/0074/0074
678.048.4
678.742.3

27

AUTHOR: Dontsov, A. A.; Farka, P.; Yermilova, G. A.; Dogadkin, B. A.

TITLE: A method for stabilizing isotactic polypropylene. Class 39, No. 172034

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 12, 1965, 74

TOPIC TAGS: synthetic rubber, polypropylene, polymer

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a method for stabilizing isotactic polypropylene by using sulfur-containing stabilizers. The process is made more effective by using the products of interaction of atactic polypropylene with Altax.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 07Jul64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT, G-C

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 1/1

L 20377-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T RM

ACC NR: AP6006543

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0191/65/000/011/0028/0031

AUTHORS: Dontsov, A. A.; Farka, P.; Yermilova, G. A.; Degadkin, B. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Investigation of reaction products from the reaction of atactic polypropylene with sulfur and dibenzothiazyldisulfide as potential polymer stabilizers

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye masay, no. 11, 1965, 28-31

TOPIC TAGS: polypropylene, polymer, oxidation inhibition, sulfur, chemical stability

ABSTRACT: It was the object of this investigation to synthesize high-molecular-weight stabilizers by the interaction of atactic polypropylene (APP) with sulfur or dibenzothiazyldisulfide (DBTD) and to study their inhibiting ability in the thermooxidative destruction of polymers. The kinetics of the addition of sulfur and (DBTD) to (APP) were studied (see Fig. 1), and the inhibiting action of the synthesized compounds on the thermooxidative destruction of (APP) was determined. The induction periods for oxidation were determined after Yu. A. Shlyapnikov, V. B. Miller, M. B. Neyman, Ye. S. Torsuyeva, and B. A. Gromov (Vysokomolek. soyed.

Card 1/2

UDC: 678.048

L 20377-66

ACC NR: AP6006543

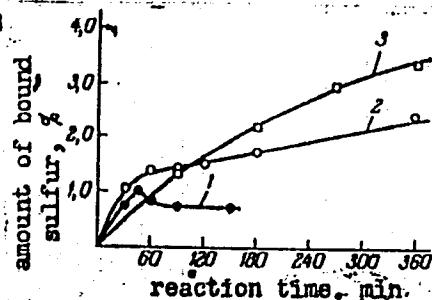


Fig. 1. Kinetics of the addition of DBTD to APP at 200°C (1) and sulfur to APP at 230°C in mixtures containing 6 wt parts of sulfur (2) and 10 wt parts of sulfur (3).

2, 1409, 1960). The addition of 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol (ionol) to the product of the interaction of (APP) with sulfur was also determined, and the experimental results are presented graphically. It was found that the inhibiting activity of the interaction products of (APP) with sulfur and (DBTD) depends on the extent of reaction, the initial products being more active than the final products. The inhibitors are equal in their inhibiting activity to the inhibitor phosphite P-2b. Addition of ionol to the mixture of interaction products of (APP) with sulfur yields an inhibitor of enhanced antioxidant properties (correlated action). Orig. art. has: 1 table and 8 graphs.

SUB CODE: 07,11/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2 vmb

L 10330-67 EWE(j)/ENT(m) IJL(a) KM/WW
ACC NR: AP602991 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0087/0087

AUTHORS: Dontsov, A. A.; Farka, P. (Czech. Soc. Rep.); Kagan, G. M.; Yermilova, G. A.; Dogadkin, B. A.

53

ORG: none

TITLE: A method of protecting polyolefins against destruction by heat and acids.
Class 39, No. 16-433 (announced by Moscow Institute of Fine Chemical Technology im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii))

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 87

TOPIC TAGS: polyolefin, heat resistance, antioxidant additive

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for protecting polyolefins against destruction by heat and acids by introducing into them a polymer sulfur-containing antioxidant. To increase the effectiveness of the stabilization, a sulfidized polystyrene is employed as the sulfur-containing antioxidant.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 16Jul65

Card 1/1 mle

UDC: 678.74.048.4:678.746.22'6

L 10336-67 EWP(j)/EWT(m) IJP(c) RM
ACC NR: AP6021909 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0086/0086

AUTHORS: Dontsov, A. A.; Farka, P. I.; Logunova, R. A.; Yermilova, G. A.; Dogadkin, B. A. 29

ORG: none

TITLE: A method for protecting polyolefins against zonal aging by heat and light.
Class 39, No. 1044289 [announced by Moscow Institute of Fine Chemical Technology
im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii)]

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 86

TOPIC TAGS: carbon black, polyolefin, light aging, polypropylene plastic

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for protecting polyolefins
against zonal aging by heat and light as described in Author Certificate No. 172033.
To increase the stabilizing activity in the case of aging by heat and light, gulf-
ridized polypropylene is applied together with carbon black.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 16Jul65

UDC: 678.74.040.4:670.742.3'6.016.2

FARKA, V.

"Long-range problems of power economy." P. 1

PALIVA. (Ministerstvo paliv a Ceskoslovenska vedecka technicka spolecnost pro vyuuziti paliv pri Ceskoslovenske akademii ved. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 39, No. 1, Jan. 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8,
August 1959.
Uncla.

BYSTRICKY, Karel; FARKA, Vladimir

Preparation of lignite. Uhli 4 no.3:83-86 Mr '62.

1. Odbytové sdružení paliv (for Bystricky); 2. Statní
planovací komise, Praha (for Farka).

BYSTRICKY, Karel; FARKA, Vladimir

Coal of required quality, a condition of its effective use.
Uhli 5 no.2:61-63 F '63.

1. Odbytové sdružení paliv (for Bystricky). 2. SPK Praha (for
Farka).

FARKAC, M.

Invention and improvers' movements under the supervision of the Ministry of the Metal-lurgical Industry and Ore Mines in 1956. p. 101.

(Sbirka Vynalezu. Vol. 6, no. 5, May 1957. Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 10, October 1957. Unclassified.

FARKAC, M.

Subjects for inventors in the Staligrad Iron Works at Mistek. p.124.
(Sbinka, Vynalezu, Vol. 6, No. 6, June 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 9, Sept. 1957. Uncl.

PARKAS, A.

"New System of Training Airplane Pilots" p. 3

"Our First Helicopter Pilots" p. 3

(AERO SVET, Vol. 2, no. 29, Dec. 1952, Beograd, Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3, no. 5, May 1953/Unci.

FARKAS, A.

Quick preparation of lead-plaster with oleic acid. Gyogyszeressz 8 no.
1:18-19 Jan 1953. (CLML 23:5)

1. Prof. Doctor. 2. Pharmaceutics Institute (Director -- Prof. Dr.
Mossonyi), Budapest Medical University.

FESZT, Gh.; FESZT, T.; FARKAS, A.

The influence of hexamethonium bromides on the hypermetabolic action of cholinergic substances. Stud. cercet. fiziol. 9 no. 5:455-458 '64

FARKAS, Andor

ca

PROBLEMS AND PROSPECTS

Effect of bilirubin on the resistance of red blood corpuscles. Andor Parkas and István Lazarovits. *Mugyros*

119

Belorroni Arch., 1, 117-22(1948).—Erythrocyte resistance was investigated in 12 healthy persons and 10 suffering from uterus. The serum bilirubin of the latter ranged above 3 mg. %. The Takata test was pos. in all but one uterus case. Resistance significantly increased in uterus. No linear connection was observed between the measure of increased resistance and serum bilirubin. *In vitro*, a bilirubin soln. (Merck) increased the resistance of washed erythrocytes. Carbonate-free 0.2 N NaOH soln. was used for dissolving bilirubin. Citrate, KHT, P_{CO}, borate, and diethylbarbiturate served as buffers which did not influence the resistance of blood cells. No linear connection could be found between bilirubin content and increase of cell resistance. Probably bilirubin plays some role (besides other factors, as cholates) in the increase of resistance of erythrocytes observed in uterus. I. Findly

ASSOCIATION METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

卷之三

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412420019-8"

FARKAS, Andor, dr.; VIGYAZO, Gyorgy, dr.

Treatment of vascular disorders of the brain with novocaine - redergam.
Orv. hetil. 103 no.5:214-218 F '62.

1. Fovarosi Arpad Korhaz, Belosztaly.

(CEREBROVASCULAR DISORDERS ther)
(PROCAINE therapy) (ERGOT ALKALOIDS therapy)

NEMES, Janos, dr.; FARKAS, Andras, dr.

Results of early diagnosis of cervical cancer. Orv.hetil. 101
no.32:1124-1127 7 Ag '60.

1. Pasztoi Jarasi Tanacs Korhaza.
(CERVIX NEOPLASIE diag.)

NEMES, Janos, dr.; PARKAS, Andras, dr.; ZILAH, Rezső, dr.

Re's to the problem of pregnancy and prelactational cancer. Cew.
hetil. 105 no.45;2101-2103 8 N '64.

1. Budapest, XX. ker. Szülés és Nobeteg Kórház és pesterzsébeti Tanács Kórháza.

Obstetrics and Gynecology

HUNGARY

NEMES, Janos, Dr, FARKAS, Andras, Dr, ZILAIKI, Zoltan, Dr, MARASZTI, Maroly,
Dr; XX. District Council, Obstetrical and Gynecological Hospital (director-chief
physician: NEMES, Janos, Dr) (XX. Keruleti Tanaes Szulo es Nobeteg Korhaza),
Budapest.

"Fundamental Questions of the Therapy of Preinvasive Carcinoma; Therapeutic
Results."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 40, 2 Oct 66, pages 1881-1883.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The final diagnosis of preinvasive
cc. can be arrived at by means of conization or, in case of confirmatory
indications, by a detailed histological diagnosis after hysterectomy. If the
lesion is surrounded by healthy epithelium within the cone, conization is
accepted as the final therapeutic measure in women still at child-bearing age
when it is combined with careful colposcopic and cytological follow-up ex-
aminations. Among the 27 conizations performed in the author's patient
material, it proved to be the final therapeutic procedure in 15 (55.5%).
When the process has spread past the limits of the cone, vaginal or abdominal
simple hysterectomy must be performed irrespective of the age of the patient.
Recurrences occurred in 1-10% of the cases; therefore, in women at child-
bearing age, we cannot turn away from the performance of conservative
operations 8 Eastern European. 46 Western references.

BENKO, Sandor, dr.,; FARKAS, Attila, dr.,; GULYAS, Lajos, dr.

Effect of capillary injuries on the number of thrombocytes. Orv.
hetil. 96 no.29:800-801 17 July 55.

1. A Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I.sz. Belklinikajának (igazgató:
Hetenyi Géza dr. egyetemi tanár, akadémikus) közleménye.

(BLOOD PLATELETS,

count, eff. of capillary inj.)

(CAPILLARIES, wounds and injuries, eff. on blood platelet count)

(WOUNDS AND INJURIES,

capillaries, eff. on blood platelet count)

FARKAS, Béla; HOLCHAUSER, Albert; FUREDI, Pal; SZEPESI, Endre, Dr.; SZABADY, Jeno; SZAPESSY, Sandor; HELASZ, Antal; BALLAI, Laszlo; SZEKELY, Istvan; KOHUT, Matyas

Remarks on the article "Problems of technical development for the heavy industry on the basis of the requirements of industrial branches which use its products." Villamosag 9 no.1/3:53-61 Ja-Mr '61.

1. A Klement Gottwald Villamossgyi Gyar formernoke (for Farkas).
2. A TRANSZVILL Transzformator es Villamoskeszulekgyar formernoke (for Holchhauser).
3. VERTESZ Villamoseromu Tervezo es Szerele Vallalat (for Furedi).
4. Hoenergiagazdasagi es Tervezo Vallalat (for Szepesi).
5. Klement Gottwald Villamossgyi Gyar (for Szabady and Szekely).
6. Csépeli Transzformatorgyar (for Halasz).
7. Ganz Kapcsolok es Keszulekek Gyra (for Kohut).

FARKAS, Bela; HOLCZHAUSER, Albert; FUREDI, Pal; SZEPESI, Endre, Dr.;
SZABADY, Jeno; SZEPESSY, Sandor; HALASZ, Antal; BALLAI, Laszlo;
SZEKELY, Istvan; KOHUT, Matyas

Remarks on the article "Problems of technical development for the heavy industry on the basis of the requirements of industrial branches which use its products." Villamossag 9 no.1/3:53-61 Ja-Mr '61.

1. A Klement Gottwald Villamossagi Gyar fomernocke (for Farkas).
2. A TRANSZVILL Transzformator es Villamoskeszulekgyar fomernocke (for Holczhauser).
3. VERTESZ Villamoseromu Tervezo es Szerele Vallalat (for Furedi).
4. Hoenergiagazdasagi es Tervezo Vallalat (for Szepesi).
5. Klement Gottwald Villamossagi Gyar (for Szabady and Szekely).
6. Csepeli Transzformatorgyar (for Halasz). 7. Ganz Kapcsolok es Keszulekek Gyara (for Kohut).

RACZ, I.; FARKAS, B.

Histologic changes caused by metallic magnesium. Borgyogy, vener. szemle
7 no.2:58-62 Mar 1953. (CLML 24:5)

1. Doctors.

FARKAS, Bela (Mrs.)

HUNGARY

CSIRE, Lajos

Animal Husbandry Research Institute, Department
of Swine Breeding (Allattenyesztesi Kutatointezet
Sertestenyesztesi Osztalya), Budapest

Budapest, Allattenyesztes, No 3, Sep 62, pp 221-230.

"The Possibility of Replacing Barley with Corn in
Feeding Bacon Pigs. Part I. The Effect of Cornfeeding
on Fattening Animals and on the Consistency of the
Cuts of the Meat."

Co-author:

Mrs. FARKAS, Bela,) Animal Husbandry Research Institute,
Central Laboratory (Allattenyesztesi Kutatointezet
Kozponti Laboratorium), Budapest.

FARKAS, Bela (Mrs.)

HUNGARY

CSIRE, Lajos

Animal Husbandry Research Institute, Department of
Swine Breeding (Allattenyesztesi Kutatointezet
Sertestenyesztesi Osztalya), Budapest

Budapest, Allattenyesztes, No 3, Sep 62, pp 231-235.

"The Possibility of Replacing Barley With Corn in
Feeding Bacon Pigs. Part II. The Effect of Corn-
feeding on the Quality of Meat and Bacon."

Co-authors:

HOLDAS, Sandor, Animal Husbandry Research Institute,
Department of Swine Breeding, Budapest
Mrs. FARKAS, Bela, Animal Husbandry Research Institute,
Central Laboratory (Allattenyesztesi Kutatointezet
Koszponti Laboratorium) Budapest

HUNGARY / Farm Animals. Swine.

Q

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 5, 1959, No. 21258

Author : Berek, Geza; Farkas, Bela

Inst : Not given

Title : Investigating the Artificial Raising of Nursing
Piglets

Orig Pub : Allattenyeszes, 1957, 6, No 3, 237-242

Abstract : The successfully conducted experiment of raising
"Syrot" nursing piglets with the Danish preparation
Lactal is described; the dry preparation was dissolved
in warm water (1 : 4) and fed from a nursing nipple;
at first the piglets were fed 7 - 10 times daily,
at the age of 2 months they were fed 2 times daily. --
V. A. Kanzyuba

Card 1/1

PARYAS, P.

PARYAS, P. Planning assembly-line manufacturing of electric motors. p. 13.

Vol. 9, No. 12, Dec. 1955.

TCEFTERELIAS.

TECHNOLGY

Budapest, Hungary

So: East European Accession, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

FARKAS, E. ; SZEKELY, A.

Examination of the causes of corrosion occurring on building elements
of textile-finishing factories. p. 453.

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA. (Textilipari Muszaki es Tudomanyos Egyesulet)
Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 10, no. 11/12, Dec. 1958.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8,
August 1959.
Uncla.

78 (Ms.)

2

✓ 663. The decomposition of penicillin preparations: the determination of penicilloic acid. I. Flöderer and E. Mr. S. Farkas (United Pharm. and Foodstuff Factory, Budapest). *Megyeri Kem. Poly.*, 1956, 62 (6), 209-211. - As it was suspected that the decomposition of penicilloic acid (I) causes the yellow colour of penicillin potassium, Pan's method (*Anal. Chem.*, 1954, 26, 143) was modified for the determination of I. Penicillin was extracted with CHCl₃ from an aq. soln. buffered to pH 4.8 with an (NH₄)₂SO₄-saturated phosphate-citrate buffer. The I remaining in the soln. was determined by Nelson's method (*J. Biol. Chem.*, 1944, 153, 375). The sensitivity is 0.1 to 0.2%. In the iodimetric determination of penicillin, I consumes iodine in the blank titration, hence the value obtained is too low. Samples containing I absorb 2 to 3 times more water (5 to 6% in 24 hr. at 70% r.h.) than pure samples.

A. G. PETO

Distr: 4E3d

39. Colorimetric determination of chlorodimethylaminopropyl
phenothiazine (chlorpromazine). *In: Turku Magyar
Kémiai Folyóirat*, Vol. 64, 1958, No. 6, pp. 209-211, 3 figs.,
2 tabs.

The chlorpromazine content of pharmaceutical preparations can be determined by means of a 20% solution of phosphotungstic acid in *N*-hydrochloric acid. This reagent must be prepared directly before use and it is centrifuged to remove turbidity. Various dilutions of an authentic sample of chlorpromazine gave a pink coloration with the reagent which could be measured very well by colorimetry in a Pulfrich apparatus through an 833 filter. According to the results of the calibration measurements if 5 ml solution containing 100 µg of chlorpromazine is mixed with 1 ml of the reagent an extinction of 0.206 is obtained, the relationship being linear. Injections can be reacted with phosphotungstic acid without any posttreatment (however the solution must be sufficiently diluted) since their sodium bisulfite content, present as a stabilizer, does not interfere with the colour reaction. Solid preparations may be powdered, extracted with distilled water and the chlorpromazine determined in the solution.

J.W.

✓/1

7/6

PARKAS, Eva, dr.; KOMAN, Erzsebet, dr.

Hibernation and infectious diseases. Orv.hetil. 102 no.31:1464-1467
30 J. '61.

1. Budapest Fovarosi Laszlo Korhaz III. sz. Gyermekosztalya.

(HIBERNATION ARTIFICIAL) (COMMUNICABLE DISEASES ther)

PARKAS, E., dr.

Therapia Hungarica

Recent progress in virus research. Ther. hung. 10 no.1/2:3-7 '62.

1. State Institute of Hygiene (Director general: Dr T. Balázs),
Budapest.

(VIRUSES) (VIRUS DISEASES)

Therapy

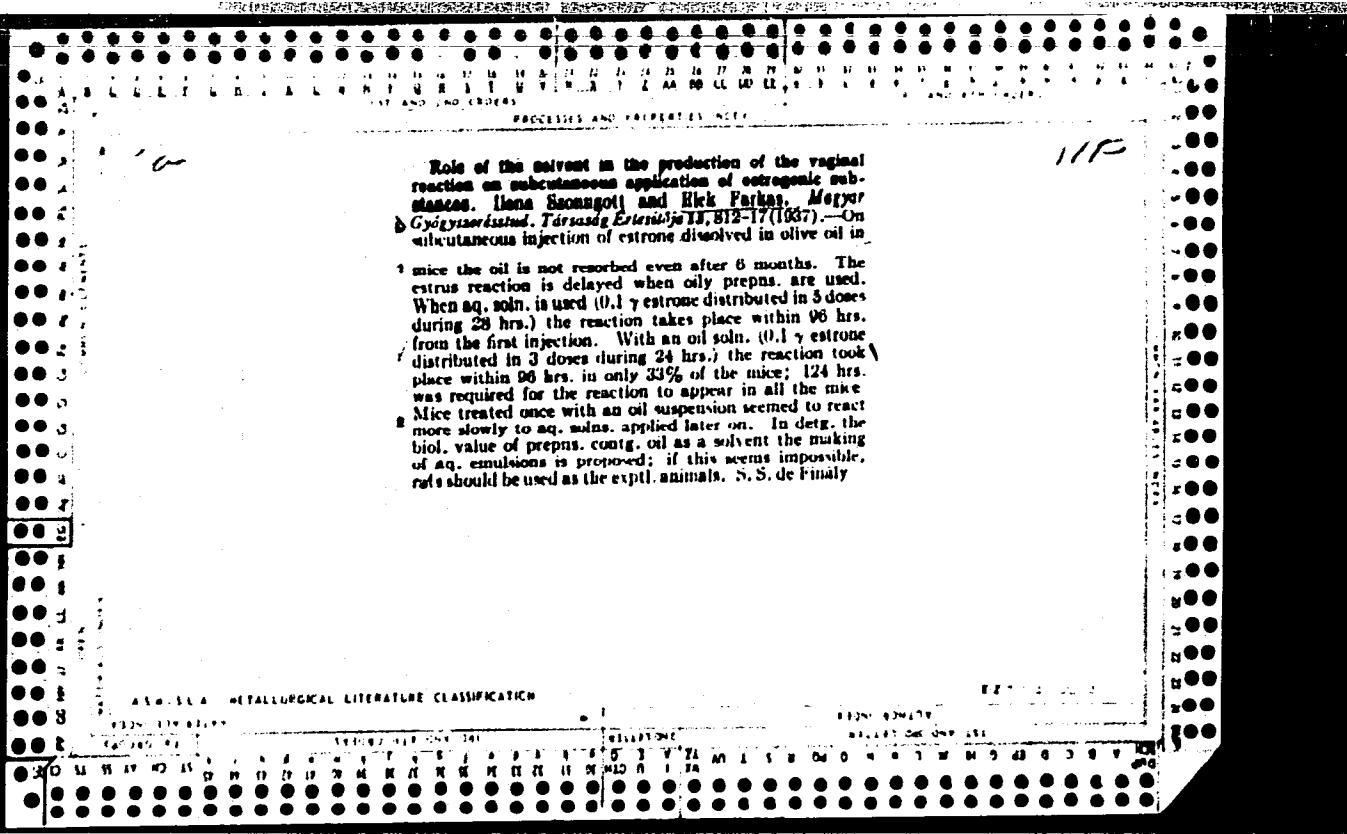
HUNGARY

SZEKELY, Edgar, Dr., FARKAS, Edit, Dr; State Children's Sanitarium (director: SEBES, Terez, Dr, scientific director: GORGONYI, Cszkar, Dr) (Allami Gyermekszanatorium), Szabadsaghegy.

"Experience with the Use of Intravenous Anaesthesia Combined With Muscle Relaxation in Bronchological Practice."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 46, 13 Nov 66, pages 2188-2190.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The experiences with bronchological examinations, performed under barbiturate anaesthesia in combination with the use of muscle relaxation, on 1000 patients of both sexes ranging from 5 months to 63 years of age, are reported by the authors. 20 Hungarian, 27 Western references.



FARKAS, E. 1948

(State Inst. of Hyg., Budapest)

"Estimation of the Antigenic Value of Typhus Vaccines by Complement-Fixation Tests."

Arch. fur die Gesamte Virusforschung, Vienna, 1948, 4/1(55-62)
Abst: Exc. Med. IV, Vol. II, No. 1. p. 63

PARKAS, E.; GERO, S.; TAKATSY, G.

The occurrence of Q-fever in Hungary. Orv.hetil. 91 no.23:717-718
4 Je '50. (CIML 19:3)

1. National Public Health Institute (Director General -- Dr. Andras Havas) and the Second Clinic for Internal Diseases) of Budapest University.

A.P.

AII - 26

Classification of virus strains based on their action on red bloodcells. R. Forbes (Acta physiol. Hung., 1961, 8, 87-104).— The receptor-destroying activity of most of the virus strains of the influenza NDV group could be correlated with the resistance of the corresponding red blood-cell receptors against virus enzymes. Gradients based on receptor destroying activity of influenza virus strains against chicken, sheep, guinea-pig, or human O red-cells were almost identical. The same was found for gradients based on the resistance of the corresponding receptors. The sheep receptors of the mouse and especially those of the NDV strains were more resistant than the corresponding chicken ones. The characteristics of the various strains were in general consistently demonstrable, provided the experimental conditions were constant.
P. N. CAMPBELL.

DOMOK. I.; PARKAS, E.; FURESZ, I.; MIHALYFI, I.

Rickettsia complement reaction in the serodiagnosis of exanthematous typhus. Orv. hetil. 94 no.5:114-121 1 Feb 1953. (CLML 24:3)

1. Doctors. 2. National Institute of Public Hygiene (Director General -- Dr. Andras Havas).

FARKAS, E.; DOMOK, I.

Isolation of influenza C virus in Hungary. Acta microb. hung.
1 no.1-3:85-97 1954.

1. State Institute for Public Health, Budapest; received July 9,
1954.

(INFLUENZA VIRUSES
C, isolation in Hungary)

DOMOK, I.; SZAFIR, E.; FARKAS, E.

Laboratory investigations into the influenza epidemics of 1951 and
1952 in Hungary. Acta microb. hung. 1 no.1-3:99-110 1954.

1. State Institute for Public Health, Budapest; received July 25,
1953.

(INFLUENZA, epidemic.)

*Hungary, laboratory data)

(INFLUENZA VIRUSES

*isolation during epidemic in Hungary)

FARKAS, E.; DOMOK, I.

Etiology of the 1953 influenza epidemic in Hungary. Acta microb.
hung. 1 no.4:471-479 1954.

1. Institute for Public Health, Budapest.
(INFLUENZA, epidemiol.
Hungary, etiol.)

D. Takács, L.

✓1839. A simple antibody adsorption test. Quantitative relationships of influenza virus-antibody union. Gy. Takács, J. Fürész, and L. Kálai. Acta physiol. Acad. Sci. Hung. 1954, 5, 241-254. A simple, inexpensive and rapid antibody adsorption test is described, based on the use of the following techniques: Takács' method of virus prep., (Acta med. Hung. III, 1952, 2, 185). Takács' loop inhibition test (HI); sedimentation of the virus-antibody complex after specific agglutination by centrifugation. Six strains of virus from England, Sweden, Paris, Budapest, and Denmark were used. The adsorption potency of virus (the amount of virus required for the adsorption of one antibody unit) is variable. It depends on the ratio "amount of virus/amount of antibody". If the ratio is constant the actual amounts of virus and antibody do not affect the reaction at all. A given quantity of virus adsorbs a considerably smaller amount of HI antibody from a serum which was partially adsorbed than from a serum the HI titre of which was brought to a similar value by dilution. A given no. of HI units combine with more virus in the latter serum than in the former one. The difference is not due to a disturbing action exerted by the virus-antibody complex remaining in the mixture after adsorption.
A. B. I. BAZNÍK.

FARKAS, Elek, dr.

Virus research. Orv. hetil. 95 no.36:970-978 5 Sept 54.

1. Az Orszagos Kozegeszsegugyi Inteset (feigazgato: Havas Andras
akademikus) korlemenye
(VIRUSES
research)

FARKAS, E., Dr.

Rhinitis as a viral disease. Ther. hung. no. 53-6 1957.

1. Department of Virology (Director: Dr. Elek Farkas), National Institute
of Public Health, Budapest.

(RHINITIS, etiol. & pathogen.
virus)

(VIRUSES
in etiol. of rhinitis)

FARKAS, Elek, dr.

Etiology of common cold. Orv. hetil. 98 no.1-4:43-46 Jan 57.

1. Az Orszagos Kosegessegugyi Intezet (foigaszato: Tako, Jozsef,
dr.) kozlemenye.
(COMMON COLD, virus
(Hun))

TAKATSY, Gy.; BARK, K.; FARKAS, E.

The antigenic structure of the influenza virus strains isolated in Hungary in 1957. Acta microb. hung. 5 no.3:87-96 1958.

1. State Institute of Hygiene, Budapest.

(INFLUENZA VIRUSES, immunol.

antigenic structure of strains isolated in Hungary in 1957)

TAKATSY, Gy.; RABE, K.; FARKAS, E.

A new erythrocyte receptor with exclusive affinity to avian Asian strains of influenza A virus. Acta virol. Engl. Ed., Praha 3(Suppl.): 79-84 1959.

1. State Institute of Hygiene, Budapest.
(INFLUENZA VIRUSES, immunology)

PARKAS, Elek, dr.

Problems of immunity against virus diseases. Orv.hetil. 100
no.41:1461-1468 0 '59.

1. Az Orszagos Kozegeszseggyi Intezet (foigazgato: Bakacs
Tibor dr., az orvostudomanyak kandidatusa) kozlemeye.
(VIRUS DISEASES immunol.)

BARB, K.; FARKAS, E.; ROMVARY, J.; TAKATSY, Gy.

Comparative study of influenza virus strains isolated from domestic animals in Hungary. Acta virol. 6 no.3:207-213 My '62.

1. State Institute of Hygiene, Budapest, and Veterinary Research Institute of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest.
(INFLUENZA VIRUSES) (SWINE virol)

PARKAS, Elek, dr.

Virus diseases. Elovilag 7 no.6:40-45 N-D '62.

PARKAS, Elek, dr.

Problems of anti-influenza vaccination. Orv. hetil. 103 no.11:481-485
18 Mr '62.

1. Országos Kóregezéssegélyi Intézet,

(INFLUENZA immunol) (VACCINATION)

FARKAS, Elek, dr.

Recently discovered viruses and an attempt of their systematization.
Orv. hetil. 103 no.33:1537-1542 19 Ag '62.

1. Orszagos Kozegeszsegugyi Intezet.
(VIRUSES)

BUDAI,J.; FARKAS,E.; NYERGES,G.; CSAPO,J.

The mode of action of gamma globulin in the prevention of measles. Acta paediat. acad.sci.Hung. 4 no.3:411-417 '63

1. First Section of Paediatrics (head: prof.J.Csapo) Municipal László Hospital and Virus Department, State Institute of Hygiene (director: prof.T.Bakacs), Budapest.

BUDAI, Jozsef, dr.; FARKAS, Elek, dr.; NYERGES, Gabor, dr.;
CSAPO, Jozsef, dr.

The role of gamma-globulin in the prevention of measles. Orv.
hetil. 104 no.48:2257-2260 1 D '63.

1. Budapest Fovaros Laszlo Korhaz, I sz. Gyermekosztaly es
Orszagos Kozegessegugyi Intezet, Virusosztaly.
(MEASLES) (GAMMA GLOBULIN) (IMMUNIZATION)

BUDAI,J.; FARKAS,E.; NYIRGES, G.; CSAPO, J.

' measles vaccination. Acta paediat. Acad. sci. Hung. 5 no.3:
435-441 '64

1. First Section of Paediatrics, "Laszlo" Hospital of Infectious Diseases, Budapest, and State Institute of Hygiene, Budapest.

BUDAI, Jozsef, dr.; FAJANS, Klex, dr.; KUBALA, Gabor, dr.; MOLNAR, Jozsef, dr.

Active immunization against measles. Dr. metu. 100 mals
7-11 Ja 3 '65

J. Fovarosi Magde Kórház, I. Gyermekkórház (tervben: sajó
Jozsef, dr.), Országos Kezegcserésgyűjti székelyt. (folyamatos
Bakacs, Tibor, dr.) Víruskórház.

L 30751-66.. T JK

ACC NR: AP6020280

SOURCE CODE: HU/0028/65/012/003/0289/0294

AUTHOR: Romvary, Jozsef (Budapest); Takatsy, Gyula (Budapest); Farkas, Elek
(Budapest)

29

B

ORG: State Institute of Hygiene/directed by T. Bakacs/, Budapest (Allami
kozegeszsegugyi intezet); [Romvary] Veterinary Research Institute/directed by
J. Meszaros/, MTA, Budapest (Allatorvostani kutatointezet MTA)

6

TITLE: Serological evidence of the incidence of influenza equine A-1 virus infections
among horses in Hungary

SOURCE: Academia scientiarum hungaricae. Acta microbiologica, v. 12, no. 3, 1965,
289-294

TOPIC TAGS: animal, antibody, animal disease, virus, serum, disease incidence,
virus disease

ABSTRACT: Horses in 12 stocks were screened for hemagglutination-inhibiting
antibodies to the subtypes equine A-1 and A-2, human A-2 and swine A-1 of the influenza
virus. A total of 835 sera were tested, 487 of which were taken from race horses.
Antibodies were found only to the subtype equine A-1 virus. The incidence of these
antibodies was high in horses over 3 years of age, in each of the stocks tested.
Colts 2-3 years old were tested in 4 stocks. Of these, an average of 49 per cent
were found to have equine A-1 antibodies in two closely related stocks. In the
other two stocks, the colts were practically seronegative. It is concluded that
equine A-1 virus has been highly disseminated in Hungary before 1961 and that it
persists in certain horse stocks. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 tables. [Orig.
art. in Eng.] [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 03Aug65 / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 012 / SOV REF: 001
Card 1/1

NEMETH, Bela, dr.; FARKAS, Eva, dr.

Clinical experiences in the use of D-persolon eye drops.
Orv. hetil. 106 no.43:2037-2039 24 O '65.

1. Pest megyei Tanacs Semmelweis Korhaz, Szemészeti Osztaly
(foorvos: Nemeth, Bela, dr.).

HUNGARY

FARKAS, Elek, candidate of medical sciences; National Public Health Institute
(Orszagos Kozegeszsegugyi Intezet).

"20 Years of Domestic Research in Virology and its Future Tasks."

Budapest, A Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia V. Orvosi Tudomanyok Osztalyanak
Kozlemenyei, Vol XVII, No 2-3, 1966, pages 209-216.

Abstract: The revolutionary changes in virology caused by Enders' work soon became felt in the expansion of virus research in Hungary as well. Extensive studies have been conducted on the evaluation of the effect of polio vaccination and re-isolation of the vaccine viruses from the feces of the inoculated. Swine enteroviruses were classified, characterized, and their epidemiological properties were studied. Adenoviruses are currently studied in detail at 3 medical institutes in connection with the 1961-62 keratoconjunctivitis epidemic. The pathogenic effect of adenoviruses in acute respiratory and gastrointestinal diseases of newborn cattle was also established. Some parainfluenza viruses were studied and several hundred strains were isolated and studied with respect to their role in some acute respiratory diseases of infants and small children. Herpes virus research, the problem of interferon, immunity studies with the Aujeszky virus and several others are also mentioned. A revolving microtitrator was also developed which is used with success especially for the titration of the influenza virus. Results of the study of viruses of plants are also discussed in some detail. Vaccines

1/2

HUNGARY

Budapest, A Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia V. Orvosi Tudomanyok Osztalyanak
Kozlemenyei, Vol XVII, No 2-3, 1966, pages 209-216.

against smallpox and rabies are available; there is a constant need, however, to improve the smallpox vaccine. Vaccines against mumps and influenza are manufactured but the domestic preparation of the measles vaccine remains an unsolved problem. The nature of the hemagglutinating agent, obtained in the course of hepatitis research in Budapest, should be determined and an attempt should be made to reproduce the results at some other institute as well. Research with oncogenic viruses is also in progress although these comparatively sporadic experiments may fail to bring about decisive results because of the lack of facilities for research. Several other projects are also mentioned briefly. No references. [Manuscript received 26 Feb 66.]

2/2

- 33 -

HUNGARY
ROMVARY, Jozsef, Dr, cand. of vet. sci., TAKATSY, Gyula, Dr, FARKAS, Elek,
Dr, candidates of med. sci.; Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Animal Health
Research Institute (director: 03/13/2001 Jan CIA-RDP86-00513R000412420019-8
Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia, Allategeszsegugyi Kutato Intezet), and National
Public Health Institute (director: BAKATS, Tibor, Dr, dr. of med. sci.) (Or-
szagos Kozegeszsegugyi Intezet).

"Serological Proof of the Occurrence of Influenza A-1 Equi Virus Infection
in Hungarian Horses."

Budapest, Magyar Allatorvosok Lapja, Vol 21, No 2, Feb 66, pages 56-58.

Abstract: [Authors' English summary modified] Serum samples taken from 12 horse breeding stocks were tested for the presence of antibodies against equine influenza A-1 and A-2 viruses by means of the hemagglutination inhibition test. The sera were tested also with human influenza A-2 and with the Shope virus. Of the total of 835 blood samples, 487 were taken from race horses. Antibodies were found only to equine influenza subtype A-1. In all stocks, the sera of horses over 4 years old had a high antibody titer. Samples taken from 2-3 year old foals were tested in 4 stocks. In 2 stocks which were in contact, nearly one-third of the samples contained antibodies while nearly all samples were negative in the other 2 stocks. The results indicate that infection was very common among horses 4 years ago and such infection also occurs sporadically today. 2 Eastern European, 12 Western references.

1/1

- 61 -

KADAS, L.; PARKAS, *Béla*

Hormonal changes in Basedow's crisis with special reference to adrenal function. Acta med. hung. 8 no.2:175-185 1955.

1. Projektur des Lajos Markusovszky Komitatskrankenhauses in Szombathely.

(HYPERTHYROIDISM,
thyroid crisis, adrenal cortex in)
(ADRENAL CORTEX, in various diseases,
thyroid crisis)

ZSAMBMKY, Pal, dr.; MARKAS, Mlemer, dr.

Isolated lymphogranulomatosis of the spleen. Orv. hetil. 96 no.23:
637-639 5 June 55

1. A Vasmegyei Tanacs Markusvary Korhaza, Szombathely (igazgato:
Szvoba Jeno dr.) I. sz. Belgyogyaszati Osztalyanak (foorvos:
Vassarhelyi Bela dr.) es Prosekturajanak (foorvos: Kadas Laszlo dr.)
kozleménye.

(HODGKIN'S DISEASE,
spleen, isolated)

(SPLIVEN, neoplasms,
Hodgkin's dis., isolated)

ACC NR: AP6029734

SOURCE CODE: HU/0031/66/000/005/0135/0139

AUTHOR: Koltai, Lajos (Research engineer); Farkas, Elemer (Department head);
Boros, Gyevi Janos (Department head)

ORG: Main Department for Product Development, Remix Radio-Technological Works
(Remix Radiotechnikai Gyar Gyartmanyfejlesztesi Foosztaly)

TITLE: Device for the automatic control of complex vacuum-deposition processes 16

SOURCE: Finommechanika, no. 5, 1966, 135-139

TOPIC TAGS: vacuum technology, automatic control equipment, resistivity

ABSTRACT: The device, protected by a Patent application [number of the application not given] permits the automatic control of the deposition rate, substrate temperature, interruption of deposition once a preset value of electrical resistivity has been attained, incremental depositions, and interruption of the deposition once stability has been attained. It is based on the continuous determination of the resistivity of the deposited layer on the substrate as a function of time. The construction, operation, performance, and applications of the technique were described and illustrated with six photographs and three block diagrams.

Orig. art. has: 9 figures. [JPRS: 36,835]

SUB CODE: 13, 09 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 008

Card 1/1

0718 0715

FARKAS, Endre, a filozofiai tudomanyok kandidatuss, egyetemi adjunktus.

Forms of manifestation of moral responsibility. Magy tud 71.
no.3:146-157 Mr'64

1. Matvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem, Budapest.

FARKAS, L.

RUSNAK, Ishtvan, [Rusnak, Istvan], doktor; SEKEY, Andrash [Sekey, Andras];
Farkash, Erika [Farkas, Erika]

Use of optical bleaching agents. Tekst.prom. 20 no.4:84-86
Ap '60. (MIREA 13:8)

1. Sotrudniki nauchno-issledovatel'skogo institutav Budapeshte.
(Hungary--Bleaching agents)

FARKAS, Ervin

Analysis of the nonlinear distortion of multichanneled installations in case of white noise loading. Hir techn 14 no.1:16-23
F '63.

1. Beloianisz Hiradastechnikai Gyar.

FARKAS, Eva; SIMON, L.

On the clinical aspects and therapy of polioencephalitis. Acta Paediat
Acad Sci Hung 1 no.4:333-344 '68.

1. III Kinderabteilung, Lassale-Krankenhaus, Budapest.

(POLIOMYELITIS pathol) (ENCEPHALITIS etiol)

FARKAS, Eve; KOMAN, Elisabeth

Artificial hibernation and infectious diseases. Acta paediat. acad.
sci. Hung. 2 no.2:99-108 '61.

1. Service de pediatrie No.III de l'Hôpital Lazlo, Budapest.
(HIBERNATION, ARTIFICIAL) (COMMUNICABLE DISEASES therapy)

FARKAS, Eva

Circulatory problems connected with artificial respiration. Acta
Paediat. Acad. Sci. Hung. 2 no.4:281-298 '61.

1. Stadtisches Laszlo-Krankhaus (Direktor: Dr. J. Roman), Budapest.
(RESPIRATION, ARTIFICIAL compl.) (BLOOD CIRCULATION)

FARKAS, Eva; KOMAN, Elisabeth

Electrocardiographic studies in the postinfectious stage of penicillin-treated scarlet fever. Acta pediat. acad. sci. hung. 3 no.4:381-388 '62.

l. Second Paediatric Department (Head: Dr. E. Farkas), Laszlo Hospital, Budapest (Director: Dr. J. Roman).
(ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY) (PENICILLIN)
(SCARLET FEVER)

FARKAS, Eva; TAMASI, P.

On iatrogenic changes in otoantritis in infancy. Acta paediat.
acad.sci. Hung. 4 no.3:321-331 '63.

1. II. Kinderabteilung (Chefarzt: Dr.E.Farkas) und Hals-Chren-
Abteilung des Staedtischen Laszlo-Krankenhauses (Chefarzt: Dr.
P.Tamasi), Budapest.

*

NEMETH, Bela, dr.; FARKAS, Eva, dr.; JASPER, Antal, dr.; ECKHARDT, Sandor, dr.

Diagnostic difficulties in the case of cancer. Magy.onkol. 7 no.4:
248-252 D '63.

1. Pestmegyei Tanacs Semmelweis Korhaza es Orszagos Onkologai
Intezet.

FARKAS, Eva, dr.; TAMASI, Pal. dr.

Clinical picture of iatrogenic change of otoantritis in infants.
Fulorrgegegyogyszat 10 no.1:22-30 Mr'64

1. Budapest Fovaros Laslo Korhaz II.sz.gyermekosztalyanak
(Foervos: Farkas, Eva, dr.) es ful-orrlgegesztalyanak
(Foervos: Tamasi, Pal. dr.) kozlemenye.

*

NEMETH, Bela; FARKAS, Eva

Intracocular hemorrhage associated with vicarious menstruation.
Szemeszet 100 no.4:232-234 D '63.

1. Pestemegyei Tanacs Semmelweis Korhaz Szemuszalyanak (Igazgató-
főorvos: Nemeth Bela, az orvostudományok kandidátusa) közlemenye.

FARKAS, E.

Diphtheria; gravity of the disease and electrocardiographic changes. Acta paediat. acad. sci. Hung. 5 no.1:109-111 '64.

I. Second Section of Paediatrics (Head: E. Farkas), Laszlo Hospital, Budapest.

H.R.H.S., L.

Distr: 4E2b(c)

880/60.

631.317.33 : 630.178

Experiences with the nondestructive conductivity testing of metals. X. York, A. Bánkai. Katalin Kádár. Akadémiai (Proceedings of the Research Institute for Nonferrous Metallurgy), Vol. 2, 1956, pp. 159-176, 4 figs.

The instrument for the nondestructive measurement of conductivity based on the eddy-current principle has been used in Hungarian aluminum processing plants and fabricating shops since 1955. Experiences have proved the value of the instrument for laboratory and shop testing. Because of the possibility of nondestructive testing and rapid measuring the instrument replaces other instruments in many fields at present. If the instrument is calibrated periodically, the rules of testing compiled with and the experiences gained in testing applied, the precision required in the conductometric testing of metals can be attained. Application of the relative method of measurement, employment of a uniform series of standards and development of uniform testing procedures are instrumental in attaining this precision.

PARKAS, Ferenc

"Lightning arresters." Reviewed by Ferenc Farkas. Villamossag
8 no. 5/6:186 My-Je '60.

FARKAS, Ferenc; SEBESTYEN, Ferenc; EISLER, Janos, dr., egyetemi tanar;
HOFFMANN, Pal; REICHARDT, Zoltan; FABRY, Jozsef; NYULASZI, Mihaly;
MATEFFY, Sandor; REUSS, Laszlo

Remarks about Ferenc Palos' lecture entitled "Demands of electric power industry concerning the Hungarian cable manufacture." Villamossag 8 no.2-3:71-72 F-Mr '60.

1. Mehezipari Miniszterium Villamosenergiaipari Igazgatosaga formernoke (for Farkas).
2. EM Budapesti Villanyszerele Vallalat; "Villamossag" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja (for Sebestyen).
3. Budapest Műszaki Egyetem (for Eisler).
4. Kabel- es Sodronykotelgyar (for Hoffmann).
5. EM Szerecloipari Tervezo Vallalat (for Reichardt).
6. Epitestudomanyi Intezet (for Fabry).
7. EM Szerecloipari Tervezo Vallalat (for Nyulaszi).
8. Koho- es Gepipari Miniszterium Tervezo Irodai (for Mateffy).
9. Kabel- es Sodronykotelgyar (for Reuss).